

**By: Haeran**

**(Supervisor I. Prof. Dr. Hj. Nadra, M.S.; II. Dr. Ike Revita, M.Hum.)**

**ABSTRACT**

*The problems in this study are how the form and morphophonemic process, types, function and meaning of affixes in Bugisnese language in the book 'Fappejeppu' by K.H. Hamzah Manguluang. The purpose of this study is to analyze the process of morphophonemic, type, function and meaning of affixes in Bugisnese language in the book 'Fappejeppu' by K.H. Hamzah Manguluang.*

*This research is the descriptive study. The data are taken from the text book 'Fappejeppu' by K.H. Hamzah Manguluang. The data are collected by observational method. The data are analyzed by distributional method. The presenting of the result of analysis is formal and informal method.*

*The results of the study are: (1) the forms and morphophonemic processes of Bugisnese language in the book Fappejeppu by K.H. Hamzah Manguluang consist of three, namely deletion of phonemes, change of phonemes and addition of phonemes, (2) type of affixes are: (a) the prefixes consists of eight prefixes, namely {a-}, {ma-}, {-makka-}, {mappa-}, {pappa-}, {pa-}, {si-} and {ripa-}; (b) suffixes consists of three suffixes, namely {-i}, {-əŋ} and {-e}; (c) confixes consist of ten confixes, namely {a-....-əŋ}, {si-...-əŋ}, {assi-...-ŋ}, {ma-...-i}, {ma- ...-si}, {ma- ...-ŋəppi}, {aŋ-...-əŋ}, {ar-...-əŋ}, {m-...-e} and {pa- ...-i}, (3) Affixes in Bugisnese language has six functions, they are as forming verbs, nouns, adjectives, numbers, adverbs, and pronouns; and (4) In terms of meaning, affixation in Bugisnese language produced are twenty different meanings, namely the meaning of active form to carry out such basic words, doing something with tools, wearing something that is mentioned in the basic form, stating the meaning of the active causative (cause and effect), the act of making something, the act of giving, the cause of the basic words, stating the tools to take action, stating the subject, declaring the meaning of each action (bilateral/ reciprocal), stating 'one (single)', passive meaning (benefactive), expressing the imperative meaning, stating the place (locative), stating something relating to the root, action is being carried out as the basic of the word, stating the sequence numbers stated essentially, the same thing or situation as essentially, expressing situation, repetitive actions and stating comparative such as in root.*

**Key Words:** *affixation, morphophonemic process, prefix, suffix, confi*

